

COAL LANDS BOUGHT

(Continued from page seven.)

is a convenience that Rancho county has needed for a long time to get coal so close to home. The coal is a good grade and can be mined without any greater expense than elsewhere. It also means a payroll and employment for hundreds of men when the mine is fully developed.

WEST VIRGINIA FARMERS MINING COAL AT PROFIT

Every owner of coal property lying within reasonable reach of a railroad in the coal fields of West Virginia is either actively engaged in the mining of coal or rapidly preparing for it, says the Connellsville (Pa.) Courier. They are not waiting for the usual railroad accommodations to carry their produce of the earth from the drift month to the open market, but instead hundreds of wagon trains are in use for this purpose, and in many instances the old fashioned sled is being resorted to in the rush to put the coal on the railroad.

Even boys are busy in remote sections hauling coal on their hand sleds to a convenient point where it can be loaded into a road wagon or marketed. At Haven, W. Va., Tazewell county, a hundred teams are engaged in hauling coal from little openings on the mountainside to the railroad, where it is shoveled to hand into the railroad cars and rushed on to the waiting markets.

On Dry Fork a farmer has provided a rude tippie on the mountainside. He made his own opening, but later employed several miners to assist him in digging coal, and it is said that he is earning from fifty to a hundred dollars a day.

MINE TAX BILL IS SIGNED BY GOV. SIMON HAMMERBERGER

The bill providing for an occupation tax on the mines of the state, involving payment of one dollar by every mine operator who does work on a claim exceeding in value three hundred dollars per annum, and also for an occupation tax of 5 per cent of the net proceeds, was advanced one further step toward becoming a law by being signed by Gov. Simon Hammerberger Wednesday.

The bill, which becomes law within sixty days, simply adds to the revenue of the state due between September and December, 1916, the additional tax on mines. Nothing in the terms of the bill, it is pointed out, free the mining companies from paying their regular tax, as provided by the state constitution, and is based on an assessed valuation equal to the net proceeds.

Visiting the Coast.

A. E. Wells, chief of the United States bureau of mines at the University of Utah, is now on a trip of inspection to the Pacific Coast and the Northwest. He will return to Salt Lake City in about two weeks. During the absence of Wells, Charles R. Hopp, petroleum chemist of the United States bureau of mines, with headquarters at Washington, D. C., is paying the Utah station a visit, as is J. A. Davis, chief of the new bureau, which will be opened at Fairbanks, Alaska.

Thirteen Bodies Recovered.

CANONSHURG, Pa., March 14.—With thirteen blackened and disfigured bodies recovered from the depths of Henderson Mine No. 1 at Hendersonville, Pa., the death toll of one terrific explosion which completely wrecked the interior of the mine yesterday, rescue workers today continued to leave the gas filled passageways in search for other victims. It is believed that there are not more than one or two additional bodies in the mine.

Coal Earnings Greater.

NEW YORK, March 12.—Although the amount of coal produced and handled during 1916 by the Pittsburg Coal company, exclusive of outside purchases, was 421,518 tons less than in the year before, there was an increase in the company's net earnings.

GOING UP or STAYING DOWN

Some grocers are constantly boosting the prices of food-stuffs. This store is consistently and absolutely keeping prices down.

WHICH DO YOU PREFER?

Farmers' and Stockgrowers' Store

PRICE, UTAH

of \$1,572,962, the total earnings being \$5,592,750, according to the annual report made public here tonight.

Parched Corn His Diet.

ROCKWOOD, Tenn., March 16.—General Cooper, a fugitive from justice from Louisville, Ky., was captured here in an abandoned coal mine yesterday. He had subsisted for four months on parched corn.

UTAH COAL IN DEMAND; SUPPLY STILL UNCERTAIN

General Sales Manager Critchlow of the United States Fuel company has returned from an extended northwestern trip, says last night's Denver News. He found there was a general demand for Utah coal from all over the country, also some conditions suggesting to what Salt Lake City has been experiencing. Portland even boasting of a snowstorm while he was there.

Coal conditions here remain about the same, "hand to mouth," so that dealers are wondering if they will ever catch up with their orders. Operating companies report a scarcity of miners. As there is no surety of steady work in the coal mines, men are leaving for steady employment in the metallurgical mines, while a few have gone to farming.

AROUND THE COAL CAMPS: PERSONAL AND OTHERWISE

Steve Chigamash has filed a suit in the federal court against Utah Fuel company to recover forty thousand dollars for personal injuries suffered while in the employ of the company and because of its alleged negligence. While coal dealers here in Tintic are still having some difficulty in getting a sufficient amount of coal to supply their orders, the mines are undoubtedly being given better treatment than they were some weeks ago. Says Kuryk's Reporter of the 9th. Most of the big mining companies are getting all the stock coal that is needed, and more empty cars are also available for the shipment of ore from the Tintic mines.

BIG FROM MISSION

Emery County Man Talks of Far Away Island Conditions.

J. L. Grant of Cleveland and C. D. Phillips of Delta, missionaries who have just returned from the Tongan Islands, declare that the residents there are just recovering from the hurricane and drought of 1912-13. The coconut crop is only just beginning to trend toward normal, they say, and the amounts of coffee gathered are still too small for large shipments.

According to the missionaries the schools maintained by the "Mormon" mission are becoming most popular with the white population as well as the natives, and the Latter-day Saints colony there is most anxious for a mission house and chapel.

The missionaries declare that it is most difficult because of war regulations to leave or go to the islands.

Chicken fat is good for shortening or frying. Boak it for ten minutes in cold salted water, then fry it out in a rather cool oven, pouring the fat off as fast as it melts.

Pot scraps of cold meat through the food chopper and stir these in corn meal mush when making it to fry. This makes an appetizing dish for breakfast.

State Banking Department, Salt Lake City, Utah, Capitol Building.

REPORT MADE TO THE BANK Commissioner of the State of Utah, of the condition of the Price Commercial and Savings bank, located at Price, in the county of Carbon, state of Utah, at the close of business on the 8th day of March, 1917.

RESOURCES: Loans and discounts, \$334,214.76; Overdrafts secured, 1,595.40; Stocks and other bonds, 158.78; Banking house, 10,000.00; Real estate other than banking house, 425.91; Due from state banks and bankers, 160,842.12; Exchanges for clearing house, 1,957.44; Gold coin, 8,825.00; Silver coin, 448.25; Currency, 9,435.00.

LIABILITIES: Capital stock paid in, \$40,000.00; Surplus fund, 20,988.66; Undivided profits, interest, exchange, etc., 2,774.41; Due to national banks, 2,954.78; Individual deposits, 281,948.65; Demand certificates of deposit, 230.00; Cashier's checks, 6,515.91; Savings deposits, 116,930.77; Time certificates of deposit, 19,362.42; Amount set aside for taxes, etc., 2,248.00; Interest on savings accounts, 5,809.00.

Total, \$468,202.69. State of Utah, County of Carbon, Carl H. Marquand, being first duly sworn according to law, depose and say that he is cashier of the above named bank; that the above and foregoing report contains a full, true and correct statement of the condition of the said bank at the close of business on the 8th day of March, 1917.

CARL H. MARQUAND, Cashier, attest: J. H. Leonard, Carlos Henderson, George A. Nixon, Directors.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12th day of March, 1917. J. W. Hammond, Notary Public. (Seal.) My commission expires 2d day of January, 1917.

State of Utah, Office of Bank Commissioner, L. C. A. Glazier, bank commissioner of the state of Utah, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of the statement of the above named company, filed in my office this 13th day of March, 1917. C. A. GLAZIER, Bank Commissioner.

GREAT TASK CONFRONTS UTAH WATER ADJUSTERS

The monumental task confronting the new state water rights commission—Mathoniah Thomas, W. R. Wallace and W. D. Beers—and the importance of its duties is indicated fully in detail by the statistical report of water filings, adjudications and the area of land actually irrigated which has been prepared as the basis of the work of this body when it assumes office.

There are fifteen distinct drainage districts in the state of Utah—the Green river and minor tributaries, Brush Creek, Ashley Creek, Duchesne river, including Lake Fork; Strawberry and Uintah rivers, White river, Price river, San Rafael river, Grand river, Fremont or Dirty Devil river, Colorado river and minor tributaries, Escalante river, San Juan river, Paria river, Kanab river and Virgin river.

The report is divided into two periods. The first shows the water filings prior to May 12, 1903, filed in county offices. The second shows the water filings subsequent to May 12, 1903, filed in the office of the state engineer. The adjudications from county records and the estimated acreage actually irrigated, based on various sources of information, are given.

All Filings Are Most Indefinite.

Under the old system of county filings the certificates of the water commissioners and the notices of appropriation in many cases contained no definite statement in regard to either the amount of water claimed or the acreage to be irrigated, or contained only a statement in regard to one or the other of these items. When the amount of water was not definitely stated the filing was in general for the entire flow of various small streams or springs. Consequently the totals for the county recording period are too small to the extent of the unknown amounts for those filings which did not definitely state the amount of acreage or water involved.

With these discrepancies during the county filing period the total number of certificated filings of water commissioners prior to 1903 were five hundred and four for irrigation, stock watering, domestic and like purposes and five for power and mining purposes. Prior to 1903 the amount of second-feet asked for irrigation and the like, according to the water commissioners' certificates, was 207,25, while the amount for power and mining was not given. The acreage covered by the applications was 7833 acres. These items were certified by the water commissioners.

For Mining and Power Purposes.

In this same period there were notices of appropriation given of seven hundred and twenty-two filings for irrigation and similar purposes and for fifty-eight filings for mining and power purposes. The amount filed on in second-feet was 30,459 second-feet for irrigation and 194,623 second-feet for power and mining purposes. The area to be irrigated in these filings totaled 334,792 acres.

Since May, 1903, there have lapsed, according to the records in the office of the state engineer, 1408 filings for irrigation and like purposes and a hundred and sixty-two filings for power and mining. These lapses cover 3,849,378 acre-feet or 39,657 second-feet for irrigation, and 12,368,110 acre-feet or 130,476 second-feet for mining and power. The irrigation area covered by the lapses amounts to 5,250,496 acres, and the horsepower rights lapsed amount to 1,945,562 horsepower.

There have been initiated since May, 1903, including those pending, eight hundred and ninety-two filings for irrigation and thirty-five for mining and power. These filings embrace for irrigation 588,727 acre-feet and 14,238 second-feet, and for mining and power 350,500 acre-feet or 5554 second-feet.

Purposes of Appropriations Set Forth.

In terms of area benefited or horsepower developed there has in the latter term been asked water for 1,418,369 acres and for 121,647 horsepower.

Under the regime of the state engineer there have been filed under the head of proof of construction of works seventy-six statements covering irrigation and three of power and mining use.

Proofs have been made of the completion of works covering 210,690 acres of land and of 61,120 horsepower developed. The water for irrigation totaled 162,000 acre-feet or 1918 second-feet. There has been put to work 18,660 second-feet for power and mining uses.

There have been made since May, 1903, two hundred and ninety-six proofs of the beneficial use of water for irrigation purposes and three proofs of the beneficial use of water for mining and power purposes.

There has been proved as in beneficial use nine hundred and forty-seven acre-feet or seven hundred and sixty-five second-feet for irrigation purposes, while for mining and power purposes there have been put to beneficial use in this period one hundred and thirty-five second-feet.

Very Much Confusion the Result.

Proof of beneficial use has been made covering 47,733 acres of irrigated land and of the development of seven hundred and thirty-five horsepower. In the matter of adjudications from county records it is stated that these are in terms of acres in some instances and in terms of second-feet in others, consequently no accurate totals are available.

The tabulation giving the area actually irrigated on various sources of information shows that the total is 360,000 acres. This is divided among the various drainage districts—Green river, 30,000; Brush Creek, 2500; Ashley Creek, 25,000; Duchesne river, etc., 191,000; White river, 500; Price river, 15,000; San Rafael river, 35,000; Grand river, 6000; Fremont river, 18,000; Colorado river and tributaries, 1000; Escalante river, 4500; San Juan river, 6000; Paria river, 5500; Kanab river, 5000; Virgin river, 15,000.

WILL TRADE GOOD FORTY-ACRE ranch for city property or will lease on easy terms for a term of years. Close to city—in walking distance. R. W. Crockett, Price, Utah.

If plants freeze immerse them in cold water and keep them in a perfectly dark place until thoroughly thawed out.

Sun adlets bring results.

SIGN OF GOOD DIGESTION.

When you see a cheerful and happy old lady you may know that she has good digestion. If your digestion is impaired or if you do not relish your meals take a dose of Chamberlain's Tablets. They strengthen the stomach, improve the digestion and cause a gentle movement of the bowels. Obtainable everywhere.—Adv.

Sun adlets bring results.

ANNOUNCEMENT

TO THE PUBLIC:

Effective March 19, 1917, the

management of the Price Commission company will pass into the hands of W. A. Lowry, as president; A. W. McKinnon, as treasurer, and Mat Gilmour, as secretary.

Mr. Lowry is a prominent and successful sheepman and has been associated in this business for a number of years in Carbon county.

Mr. McKinnon has been connected with the First National Bank of Price for the past twelve years, and has held the position of cashier during the past six years, where he has proved a highly efficient man, always giving the best of service.

Mr. Gilmour has been connected with the C. H. Stevenson Lumber company as manager for the past six years. He has had a number of years experience in the mercantile business, and will be found capable, courteous and trustworthy in any business transaction you may have with him.

They will continue the business under the name of the Price Commission company, handling the same lines that I have in the past.

I can cheerfully recommend these men as good, clean, competent business men from whom you will receive prompt, courteous and fair treatment at all times, and would kindly request that you favor them with your patronage.

In retiring from this business, I wish to thank you most cordially for your past patronage, and beg to remain,

Yours very truly,

Price Commission Co.

By H. S. ROBINETT.

HAS HIS OWN "GARDEN"

Eastern Utah Hermit Refuses to Leave Present Habitation.

WESTWATER, March 10.—Andy Brannon, "the Swede," lives a hermit life about eight miles from Castleton, near the end of Fisher Valley. He usually comes down about once a month for supplies, and, not having been here for some time, a couple of boys went up, after the late storm, to see if he were dead or alive. They found him with only frozen potatoes to live on. Fred McCoy got an order from the county commissioners to send him up some clothing and supplies, which were taken to him by Tony Brannon. Andy claims to have "revelations."

He says the Lord directed him to build a house up on the mesa. He has about an acre of ground fenced in and cultivates a few vegetables. The soil being very thin, he packed dirt from the surrounding area to make a soil suitable for growing his stuff. He lives in a small stone house and has a good stone cellar, a chicken house and the like. He has a small reservoir in the center of the plot, in which he gathers the snow and rain water to irrigate his land, which he does with a pump. He has a variety of flowers as well as vegetables.

Brannon is a good mason and could get work if he were where it is, but will not leave his premises, which he calls the "Garden of Eden." His garden is always well cultivated—not a weed allowed—and he usually has potatoes to sell in the fall, which are bought by stockmen ranging in the vicinity. He claims to be a descendant of the "Asteca," who he says were the ancestors of the Jews.

facture to sell in the fall, which are bought by stockmen ranging in the vicinity. He claims to be a descendant of the "Asteca," who he says were the ancestors of the Jews.

Brannon declares that his ancestor crossed the "Atlantic" before was submerged from this continent to Africa, then Babylon, and finally settled in Sweden. When newspaper man tried to persuade Andy to come down to Castleton, he came among other people to look into the foregoing information, and said that, inasmuch as he is the last survivor of the ancient race, he supposed the Almighty has decreed that he live there until he expires.

An effort will be made the coming summer to get him to remove his solitude, as it is unsafe for him to live there during the long cold winters.

"MUTT AND JEFF" HAVE STILL MORE TROUBLES, IT APPEARS.

NEW YORK, March 12.—H. C. "Bud" Fisher, the artist of comic pictures, filed today an answer to his wife's suit for divorce brought in the supreme court here. Fisher makes a counter suit for divorce, naming Arthur Hammerstein, the theatrical producer, and other theatrical men.

Mrs. Pauline Margaret Fisher named a woman in her counter-claim. Fisher promptly denied his wife's charges. Mrs. Fisher's attorney denied Fisher's charges today.

Adlets

One Cent Per Word Each Insertion No Charge Accounts.

FOR SALE—OAK FILING CABINET with twelve drawers. Beale & Eddy, Millinet.

FOR SALE—OLD NEWSPAPERS wrapped in bundles of one hundred. Twenty-five cents. The Sun.

FOR SALE—SEVERAL HUNDRED pounds of choice seed potatoes. Quality the best. W. Burnham, Price, Utah.

WANTED—A MAN WITH SOME knowledge of gardening to work the hour at various times throughout the spring and summer. Address Y. Z. Sun Office, Price, Utah.

BUTTER WRAPPERS—ONE HUNDRED, \$1.00; two hundred, \$1.50; five hundred, \$2.50; one thousand, \$4.00. Larger quantities we will quote on. Enclose cash with order or it will save express or parcel post charges. Postage—for one hundred to three hundred wrappers, five cents; three hundred to one thousand, ten cents. Nothing but the best parchment paper and special ink that is not affected by salt or grease. THE SUN, Price, Utah.

The Things You Eat

Are you eating "cheap" meals because they cost little and your income is limited? Quit. Eat good meals, even if they do sometimes cost a fraction more.

Your health is priceless. But good health can never result from eating inferior foods.

Especially are our cheese and relishes fresh and wholesome.

Corner Meat Market

R. E. ROGERS, Prop.



THE LATEST FAD.

For sport coats are all the "go." This picture is soft, hip length, with all pockets, muff cuffs and high muff collar in beaver. Nothing could so smarten up a winter wardrobe as this garment.